



ENGINEERED WOOD

Install.
Care.
Preserve.



INSTALLATION

Wood is a living material, which means that a floating wood floor will move a little (expand and contract), despite the multi-layer construction design, depending on how the indoor climate changes through the year. Therefore, you must leave a space (called an expansion gap) of at least 1.5 mm per meter wide of floor, minimum 8–10 mm, between floor and wall around the whole room. This also applies between the floor and thresholds, pipes, steps, pillars, fireplaces, stone floors, etc. The expansion gap is hidden using skirting or edging.

The boards are installed on foam and plastic on top of the under floor and stuck to one another using adhesive in the groove of the board. The flooring is not stuck to the sub floor but stuck to itself and placed on the sub floor. This is for hassle free expansion and contraction of the floor.



WHAT IS ENGINEERED WOOD

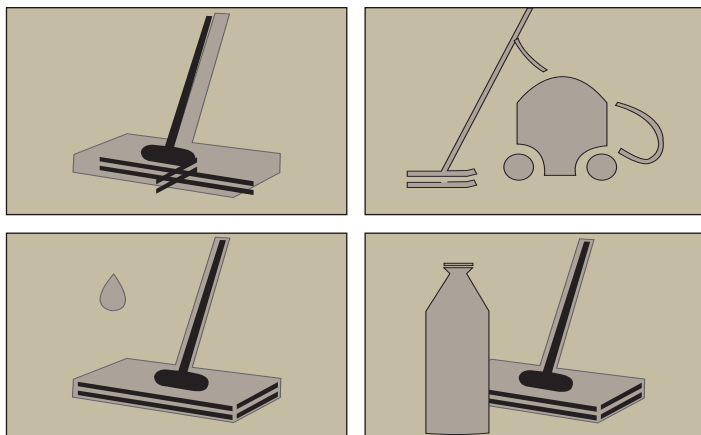


- 1** 7 coats of hard-wearing lacquer
- 2** Genuine wood surface layer
- 3** Middle layer of pine or spruce ribs laid transversely. 14 mm board, middle material plywood
- 4** Stabilizing bottom layer

Engineered hardwood flooring represents all the traditional aesthetics of solid hardwood, with an innovation of design that makes it even more versatile!

Comprising of several layers, the top layer being a species of real hardwood, engineered hardwood flooring is a robust flooring option that allows you to install your chosen color, cut, finish, and surface texture in areas where solid hardwood is not recommended. The core layer of engineered hardwood is made up of pine and spruce woods, which allows the engineered flooring to expand and contract with changing temperature and moisture levels without affecting your floor, the way a solid hardwood floor would be affected.

MAINTAINING YOUR FLOOR



A clean floor simply needs to be vacuumed, dry mopped or swept. For more thorough cleaning, mop the floor using a well wrung out cloth and water plus a few drops of a general cleaning agent. Avoid wet mopping or using too much water on the wood.

REMOVING STAINS

Prefinished wood floors are very resistant to stains. The general rule is to remove stains as quickly as possible, before they dry and set. Afterwards, wipe clean with a well wrung-out cloth. Consult the stain guide for the type of cleaner you should use.

Stain:	Removed by:
Fruit, berries, juice, soft drinks, beer, wine, milk, cream, coffee, tea	Mild ammonia-free synthetic detergent and lukewarm water
Chocolate, grease, whipped cream, rubber marks, oil, tar, asphalt	Detergent solution
Ink, felt tip pens, stencils, blacking, paint, crayons, etc	Denatured alcohol
Urine, vomiting	Mild ammonia-free synthetic detergent and lukewarm water
Blood	Cold water

FINISHES

Oil – The choice between an oiled floor or a lacquered floor is entirely a matter of taste. We use 7 coats of formaldehyde free oil for our floors.

Lacquer – Lacquer is the most common surface treatment. We use 7 coats of UV cured formaldehyde free Lacquer for our floors.

For an assured response time of 48 hours

call our toll-free no. 1800 226 211 or
email at sales@squarefoot.co.in

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